

WJEC Wales Biology GCSE

SP2.5: Reaction time

Practical notes









Reaction time

Aim

Investigation into factors (repetition) affecting reaction times.

Investigate the hypothesis that reaction time taken to catch a ruler decreases with practice.

Equipment

- 30 cm ruler
- Chair
- Table

Method

- 1. Sit down on the chair (with good posture, eyes looking across the room) and place your forearm of your weaker/non-dominant hand on the table, with your hand hanging over the end of the table.
- 2. Have your partner hold a ruler with the bottom end in between your fingers so you can practice holding the ruler with 2 fingers.
- 3. Have your partner hold the ruler and remove your fingers.
- 4. Have your partner hold the ruler in line so that the 0 mark is level with the top of your thumb.
- 5. Your partner will drop the ruler without telling you beforehand, and you will catch the ruler as quickly as you can.
- 6. Note and record the number level with the top of your thumb after you have caught the ruler in a table such as below.
- 7. Repeat the test at least 5 times.
- 8. Repeat steps 1-7 with at least 5 other participants.
- 9. Find reaction times by using a conversion table to convert the ruler measurements.

Participant	Trial 1		Trial 2 etc	
	Reaction time in cm	Reaction time in s	Reaction time in cm	Reaction time in s

Extension

Other factors that can be investigated include:

- Dominant hand and non-dominant hand
 - Carry out two experiments, one with the participant using their dominant hand, the other using their non-dominant hand.

Sources of error

If participants had participated in a similar task previously, it may affect their performance and the results.

The number on the ruler read from the top of the thumb may be difficult to determine.

